ADVISORY ON THE USE OF THIS DOCUMENT

The information contained in this document has been developed solely for the purpose of providing general guidance to employees of the Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC). This document may be distributed outside GSFC only as a courtesy to other government agencies and contractors. Any distribution of this document, or application or use of the information contained Merein, is expressly conditioned upon, and is subject to, the following understandings and limitations:

- (a) The information was developed for general guidance only and is subject to change at any time;
- (b) The information was developed under unique GSFC laboratory conditions which may differ substantially from outside conditions;
- (c) GSFC does not warrant the accuracy of the information when applied or used under other than unique GSFC laboratory conditions;
- (d) The information should not be construed as a representation of product performance by either GSFC or the manufacturer;
- (e) Neither the United States government nor any person acting on behalf of the United States government assumes any liability resulting from the application or use of the information.

Memorandum

PARAMAX A Unisys Company

PPM-93-031

DATE: TO: FROM: Feb. 10, 1993 B. Fafaul/311 K. Sahu/300.1

SUBJECT:

Radiation Report on FAST/MUE

Part No. OPA111VM/883B

Control No. 6308

cc: R. Kolecki/740.4 T. Miccolis/300.1 A. Sharma/311 Library/300.1 L. Cusick/740.4 SMEX, PPM File

A radiation evaluation was performed on OPA111VM (Op Amp) to determine the total dose tolerance of these parts. A brief summary of the test results is provided below. For detailed information, refer to Tables I through IV and Figure 1.

The total dose testing was performed using a Cobalt-60 gamma-ray source. During the radiation testing, eight parts were irradiated under bias (see Figure 1 for bias configuration), and two parts were used as control samples. The total dose radiation steps were 5, 10, 20, 40 and 60 krads*. After 60 krads, parts were annealed at +25°C for 168 hours. The irradiation was then continued to 100 krads (cumulative). The dose rate was between 0.25 and 2 krads/hour, depending on the total dose level (see Table II for radiation schedule). After each radiation exposure and annealing treatment, parts were electrically tested at 25°C according to the test conditions and the specification limits** listed in Table III.

All ten parts passed initial (pre-rad) electrical tests. After the 5-krad exposure, one part (SN 223) exceeded the maximum specification limits of 2.00 pA for both +Ibias and -Ibias with readings of 9.15 pA and 8.43 pA, respectively. All eight irradiated parts passed all electrical tests at the 10-krad exposure level. After the 20-krad irradiation, SN 223 again failed +Ibias and -Ibias, with readings of 4.55 pA and 4.99 pA, respectively. After the 40-krad irradiation, five parts (SN 218,

^{*}The term rads, as used in this document, means rads(silicon).

**These are manufacturers' non-irradiated data sheet

specification limits. No post-irradiation limits were provided
by the manufacturer at the time these tests were performed.

220, 221, 222 and 223 exceeded the maximum specification limit for +Ibias. with readings ranging from 2.01 to 6.23 pA and four parts (SN 218, 221, 222 and 223 exceeded the maximum specification limit for -Ibias, with readings ranging from 2.22 to 6.48 pA. After the 60-krad irradiation, all eight irradiated parts failed +Ibias and -Ibias, with readings ranging from 2.33 to 6.54 pA and 2.47 to 4.56 pA, respectively. In addition, two parts (SN 216, and 223) exceeded the maximum specification limit of 500 uV for Vio, with readings of 724 and 855 uV, one part (SN 217) exceeded the minimum specification limit of -500 uV for Vio, with a reading of -708 uV and one part (SN 223) exceeded the maximum specification limit of 1.50 pA for Iio, with a reading of 1.74 pA.

After annealing for 168 hours at 25°C, SN 216 and 223 continued to fail Vio, with readings of 851 and 1084 uV and three parts (SN 216, 217 and 223) continued to fail +Ibias and -Ibias, with readings ranging from 2.07 to 3.15 pA for +Ibias and 2.04 to 2.57 pA for -Ibias.

After continued irradiation to 100 krads (cumulative), SN 216 and 223 continued to exceeded the maximum specification limit of 500 uV for Vio with readings of 908 and 1073 uV, and SN 217 exceeded the minimum specification limit of -500 uV for Vio with a reading of -917 uV. All eight irradiated parts failed +Ibias and -Ibias, with readings ranging from 2.25 to 4.99 pA and 2.38 to 3.43 pA, respectively.

After a final annealing for 168 hours at 100°C no rebound effects were observed.

Table IV provides a summary of the mean and standard deviation values for each parameter after different irradiation exposures and annealing steps.

Any further details about this evaluation can be obtained upon request. If you have any questions, please call me at (301) 731-8954.

ADVISORY ON THE USE OF THIS DOCUMENT

The information contained in this document has been developed solely for the purpose of providing general guidance to employees of the Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC). This document may be distributed outside GSFC only as a courtesy to other government agencies and contractors. Any distribution of this document, or application or use of the information contained herein, is expressly conditional upon, and is subject to, the following understandings and limitations:

- (a) The information was developed for general guidance only and is subject to change at any time;
- (b) The information was developed under unique GSFC laboratory conditions which may differ substantially from outside conditions;
- (c) GSFC does not warrant the accuracy of the information when applied or used under other than unique GSFC laboratory conditions;
- (d) The information should not be construed as a representation of product performance by either GSFC or the manufacturer;
- (e) Neither the United States government nor any person acting on behalf of the United States government assumes any liability resulting from the application or use of the information.

TABLE I. Part Information

Generic Part Number:

OPA111VM

Part Number:

OPA111VM/883B

FAST/MUE

Control Number:

6308

Charge Number:

C33027

Manufacturer:

Burr-Brown

Lot Date Code:

9237

Quantity Tested:

10

Serial Numbers of

Radiation Samples:

216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223

Serial Numbers of

Control Samples:

214, 215

Part Function:

Op Amp

Part Technology:

FET

Package Style:

8-lead TOX Can

Test Engineer:

c. Nguyen

Table III. Electrical Characteristics of OPA111VM

Specification Limits

Test	Units	Min	Max	Conditions							
+Idd	mA	0	3.5	Io = o mA							
-Idd	mA	-3.5	0	Io = 0 mA							
+swing	v	11.0	_	R1 = 2 Kohm, Vo = \pm 10 VDC							
-swing	v	_	-11.0	$Rl = 2 \text{ Kohm, Vo} = \pm 10 \text{ VDC}$							
Vio	υV	-500	500	Vcc = ± 10 VDC							
+Ibias	рλ	-2.00	2.00	Vcm = 0 VDC							
-Ibias	pΆ	-2.00	2.00	Vcm = 0 VDC							
Iio	pΆ	-1.50	1.50	Vcm = 0 VDC							
PSRR	dB	90	_	Vcc = ± 10 to ± 18 VDC							
Avo	đВ	114	_	$Rl = 2 \text{ Kohm}, Vin = \pm 10 \text{ VDC}$							
CMRR	dВ	90	-	$Rl = 2 \text{ Kohm}, Vin = \pm 10 \text{ VDC}$							
Isc	mA		-10	$R1 = 2 \text{ Kohm}, \text{ Vin} = \pm 10 \text{ VDC}$							
+SR	V/usec	1.0		$Rl = 2 \text{ Kohm}, Vo = \pm 10 \text{ VDC}$							
-sr	V/usec	1.0	_	$R1 = 2 \text{ Kohm}, Vo = \pm 10 \text{ VDC}$							

TABLE IV: Summary of Electrical Measurements After Total Dose Exposures and Annealing Steps for OPA111VM 1/

Daramaka					ose Exposur				rads)				Anneal		TDE		Anneal				
		_		_		5		10		20		40		50		168 hrs		100		168 hrs	
				mean	- 4	mean	вđ	m^==	sđ		_ a		_			@25°C		1		@+100°C	
+Idd	mA	0;	3.5	2.5		2.6		mean 2.6		mean	<u>sd</u>	mean		mean	_sd_	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	ಕರೆ
-Idd	mA	-3.5	0	+2.6		-2.6	.09	-2,6	0.1	2.7		2.7	.13	2.7	-14	2.6	- 17	2.5	.17	2.6	. 14
+swing	V	11.0	-	13.2		13.2		13.2				+2.7	0.1	+2.7	.14	-2.6	.17	-2.6	.17	-2.6	.14
-swing			-10			-14 0		-14.0		13.2		13.2	.02	13:2	.02	13.2	.02	13.2	.02	13.2	. 0:
/ic	υV	-500	500	48.4	-	41.8	79	45 4		-14.0		-14.0		-14.0		-14.0	.01	-14.0	.01	-14.0	.0.
+Ibias	pΑ	-2,00	2.00	0.63		1.66		1.04		60.4		90.0	299	138		163	576	158	526	110	419
Ibias	pΑ	-2.00	2.00	0.64		1.46		0.86		1.57		2.51	1.4	2,83		2.04	. 49	2.92	-77	1.21	. 1, 1
[io	ρÀ	-1.50	1.50	- 01		0.19		0.18	18	1.57		2.41	1.5	2.60		1.92		2.80	.32	1.04	0.1
SRR	dΕ	90	-	£19	11	115	9.2	116	8.5	116		0.10	.21	0.23		0.12	0.2	0.12	.49	0.17	-04
/A0	dB	114	-	124	1.5	124	1.5	124	2.0	123	2.1	115	7.0	113	9.4	114		112	10	114	8.6
MRR	₫B	90	_	114	6.3	217	7.5	120	10	124	19	123	1.5	123	1.5	123	1.6	123	1.5	123	1.6
ВС	mA		-10	-37.9	1.1	37.8		-37.29	1.2	-38.0		-38.0		122	18	120	11	121	13	119	9.2
	//usec	1.0		2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2 3	0.1	2.3		2.3	;	+38.1		-3 8 -1	$\overline{}$	-38.4		+37.0	1.5
SR V	/usec	1.0	-	3.0	.13	3.1	.11	3.1		3.0		3 0	.12	3.0	.09	3.0	0.1	3.0	,15	2:3	. 12

Notes:

^{1/} The mean and standard deviation values were calculated over the eight parts irradiated in this testing. The control samples remained constant throughout the testing and are not

^{2/} These are manufacturers' non-irradiated data sheet specification limits. No post-irradiation limits were provided by the manufacturer at the time the tests were performed.

Figure 1. Radiation Bias Circuit for OPA111VM

